Platinum Challenge

Clue: Before you peek at the answers, remember what we do at school- do the ones you can do first.

Try adding all numbers together; then adding and subtracting one of them then subtracting a different one; add two and subtract two numbers. Multiply them all; multiply three of them and add 1 etc. Work in methodical way and persevere with tricky ones, esp number 29!

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Possible answers include
$((4+2) \div 3) - 1 = 1$
(1+2+3)-4=2
$((4 \times 1) - 3) + 2 = 3$
$(2 \times 4) \div (3 - 1) = 4$
$((2 + 1) \times 3) - 4 = 5$
$(4 \times 3) \div (2 \times 1) = 6$
$((4 \times 3) \div 2) + 1 = 7$
(2+3+4)-1=8
$(2+3+4) \times 1 = 9$
1 + 2 + 3 + 4 = 10
$4 \times 2) + (3 \times 1) = 11$
$(4 \times 2) + 3 + 1 = 12$
$(4 \times 3) + (2 - 1) = 13$
$((4 \times 3) + 2) \times 1 = 14$
$(4 \times 3) + 2 + 1 = 15$
$(1 + 3 + 4) \times 2 = 16$
$((4 + 1) \times 3) + 2 = 17$
$((4 + 2) \times 3) \times 1 = 18$
$((2 + 3) \times 4) - 1 = 19$
$(2+3) \times (4 \times 1) = 20$
$((2+3) \times 4) + 1 = 21$
$((4 \times 3) - 1) \times 2 = 22$
$((4 \times 3) \times 2) - 1 = 23$
$(1+2+3) \times 4 = 24$
$(1+4) \times (2+3) = 25$
$((4 \times 3) + 1) \times 2 = 26$
$((4 \times 2) + 1) \times 3 = 27$
$(1 + (2 \times 3)) \times 4 = 28$
$(4-1)^3 + 2 = 29$
$(2 \times 3) \times (4 + 1) = 30$